

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

**CURRENT REPORT
Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934**

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): May 2, 2025

PRAXIS PRECISION MEDICINES, INC.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction
of incorporation)

001-39620
(Commission
File Number)

47-5195942
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

Praxis Precision Medicines, Inc.
99 High Street, 30th Floor
Boston, Massachusetts 02110
(Address of principal executive offices, including zip code)

(617) 300-8460
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Not Applicable
(Former Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last Report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

- Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of each class</u>	<u>Trade Symbol(s)</u>	<u>Name of each exchange on which registered</u>
Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share	PRAX	The Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§ 230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§ 240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 7.01. Regulation FD Disclosure.

On May 2, 2025, Praxis Precision Medicines, Inc. (the "Company") updated its corporate presentation for use in meetings with investors, analysts and others. The presentation is available in the "Investors + Media" portion of the Company's website at investors.praxismedicines.com and a copy is furnished as Exhibit 99.1 to this Current Report on Form 8-K (the "Current Report").

The information in this Current Report under Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1 attached hereto, is intended to be furnished and shall not be deemed "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except as expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Item 8.01. Other Events.

On May 2, 2025, the Company provided updates on its programs in developmental and epileptic encephalopathies ("DEEs") at an investor event, including:

- The Company reported updated data from the initial cohort of patients with SCN2A gain-of-function and SCN8A DEEs participating in the EMBOLD study's open-label extension as of April 2025, demonstrating a sustained and increasing effect on seizure reduction and increased seizure-free periods through 11 months of treatment with relutrigine (n=12).
- The Company announced the trial design for its EMERALD study, a randomized double-blind, placebo-controlled Phase 3 clinical trial evaluating the efficacy (motor seizure frequency), safety, tolerability and pharmacokinetics of relutrigine in a broader DEE patient population aged 2 to 65 years (n=160). Patients will be randomized to receive either relutrigine (1mg/kg/day starting dose; dose modification permitted up to 1.5mg/kg/day at day 35) or placebo for 16 weeks.
- The Company announced plans to nominate a development candidate for its early-stage antisense oligonucleotide program, PRAX-100, in mid-2025. PRAX-100 is targeting SCN2A loss-of-function mutations, the largest monogenetic cause of de novo autism spectrum disorders.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Current Report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 and other federal securities laws, including statements regarding the clinical development and potential regulatory submissions of relutrigine and the plans for future development candidates, and the timing of any of the foregoing. The forward-looking statements included in this Current Report are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including, without limitation, uncertainties inherent in clinical trials, the expected timing of submission for regulatory approval or review by governmental authorities and other risks as described in the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and its other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. These statements are based only on facts currently known by the Company and speak only as of the date of this Current Report. As a result, you are cautioned not to rely on these forward-looking statements and the Company undertakes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit
No.

Description

[99.1](#)

[Praxis Precision Medicines, Inc. May 2025 Corporate Presentation](#)

104

Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

PRAXIS PRECISION MEDICINES, INC.

Date: May 2, 2025

By: /s/ Marcio Souza
Marcio Souza
Chief Executive Officer



PRA~~X~~IS

DARE FOR MORE[®]

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

May, 2025

Forward-looking statements

This presentation may contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 relating to our business, operations, and financial conditions, including but not limited to express or implied statements regarding the current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, future plans and strategies, statements regarding the estimated market for our product candidates, if approved, our development plans, our preclinical and clinical results and other future conditions, including our cash runway, and the safety, efficacy, and regulatory and clinical design or progress, potential regulatory submissions, approvals and timing thereof of any of our product candidates. Any forward-looking statements in this presentation are based on management's current expectations and beliefs and are subject to a number of risks, uncertainties and important factors that may cause actual events or results to differ materially from those expressed or implied by any forward-looking statements contained in this presentation, including, without limitation, risks relating to: (i) the success and timing of our ongoing clinical trials, (ii) the success and timing of our product development activities and initiating clinical trials, (iii) the success and timing of our collaboration partners' product development activities, (iv) the timing of and our ability to obtain and maintain regulatory approval of any of our product candidates, (v) our plans to research, discover and develop additional product candidates, (vi) our ability to enter into collaborations for the development of new product candidates, (vii) our ability to establish manufacturing capabilities, and our collaboration partners' abilities to manufacture our product candidates and scale production, (viii) our ability to meet any specific milestones set forth herein, and (ix) the potential addressable market sizes for product candidates. New risks and uncertainties may emerge from time to time, and it is not possible to predict all risks and uncertainties. Except as required by applicable law, we do not plan to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements contained herein, whether as a result of any new information, future events, changed circumstances or otherwise. Although we believe the expectations reflected in such forward-looking statements are reasonable, we can give no assurance that such expectations will prove to be correct. Accordingly, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements.

For further information regarding the risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause differences between our expectations and actual results, you should review the "Risk Factors" section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and our other filings with the SEC.

Certain information contained in this presentation relates to or is based on studies, publications, surveys and other data obtained from third-party sources and our own internal estimates and research. While we believe these third-party sources to be reliable as of the date of this presentation, we have not independently verified, and make no representation as to the adequacy, fairness, accuracy or completeness of, any information obtained from third-party sources. In addition, all of the market data included in this presentation involves a number of assumptions and limitations, and there can be no guarantee as to the accuracy or reliability of such assumptions. Finally, while we believe our own internal research is reliable, such research has not been verified by any independent source.

Positioned to bring innovation to patients with CNS disorders

4

Assets in late stage

6

Clinical readouts in next 4 quarters

2

Discovery platforms to optimize drug development

into
2028

Cash runway

Four pillars guide how we develop medicines



GENETICS

Focus on therapeutic targets identified through human genetics



TRANSLATIONAL TOOLS

Translational tools validate potential of target and product candidate and can provide early proof of biology



EFFICIENT & RIGOROUS

Efficient, rigorous clinical development paths to proof-of-concept in humans applying an agile way of working



PATIENT-GUIDED

Patient-guided development strategies to deliver on what patients actually need



Two platforms to generate optimized therapies

CEREBRUM™

SMALL MOLECULE PLATFORM

Cerebrum™ utilizes deep understanding of neuronal excitability and neuronal networks and applies a series of computational and experimental tools to develop orally available precision therapies

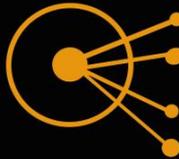


Molecule	Indication	Mechanism
<i>ulixacaltamide</i>	Essential Tremor	T-type calcium channel modulator
<i>vormatrigine</i>	Focal Onset Seizures & Generalized Epilepsy	Sodium channel functional state modulator for broad use
<i>relutrigine*</i>	DEE Epilepsies	Sodium channel functional state modulator for pediatric use
<i>PRAX-020[^]</i>	KCNT1 Epilepsy	KCNT1 specific inhibitor
<i>PRAX-050</i>	Not disclosed	Not disclosed

SOLIDUS™

ANTISENSE OLIGONUCLEOTIDE (ASO) PLATFORM

Solidus™ is an efficient, targeted precision medicine discovery and development engine for ASOs anchored on proprietary, computational methodology



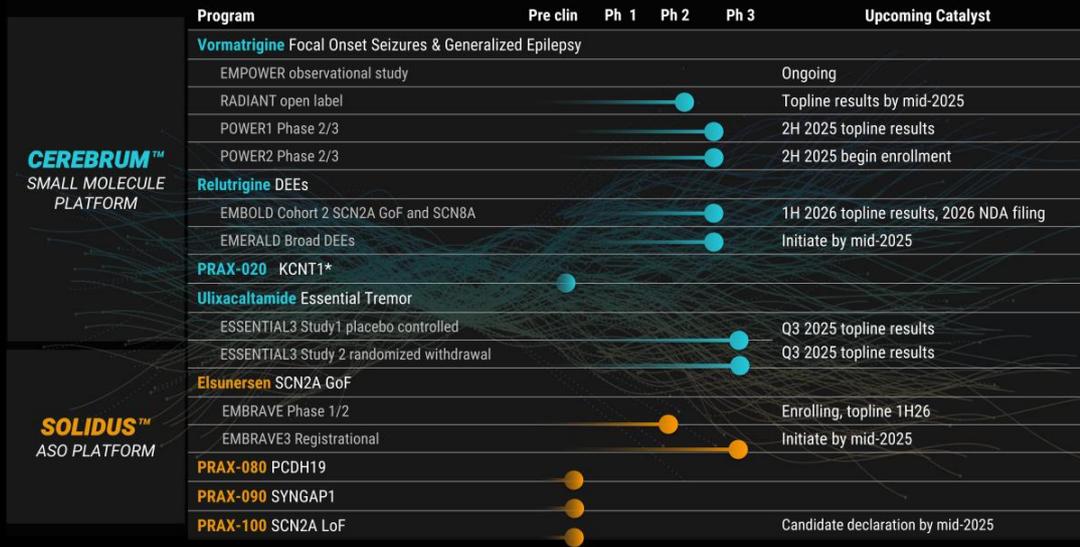
Molecule	Indication	Mechanism
<i>elsunersen**</i>	SCN2A GoF	Gapmer ASO
<i>PRAX-080</i>	PCDH19 Mosaic expression	Gapmer ASO
<i>PRAX-090</i>	SYNGAP1 LoF	Splice switching ASO
<i>PRAX-100</i>	SCN2A LoF	Undisclosed mechanism ASO

[^]PRAX-020 (KCNT1) has been licensed to UCB

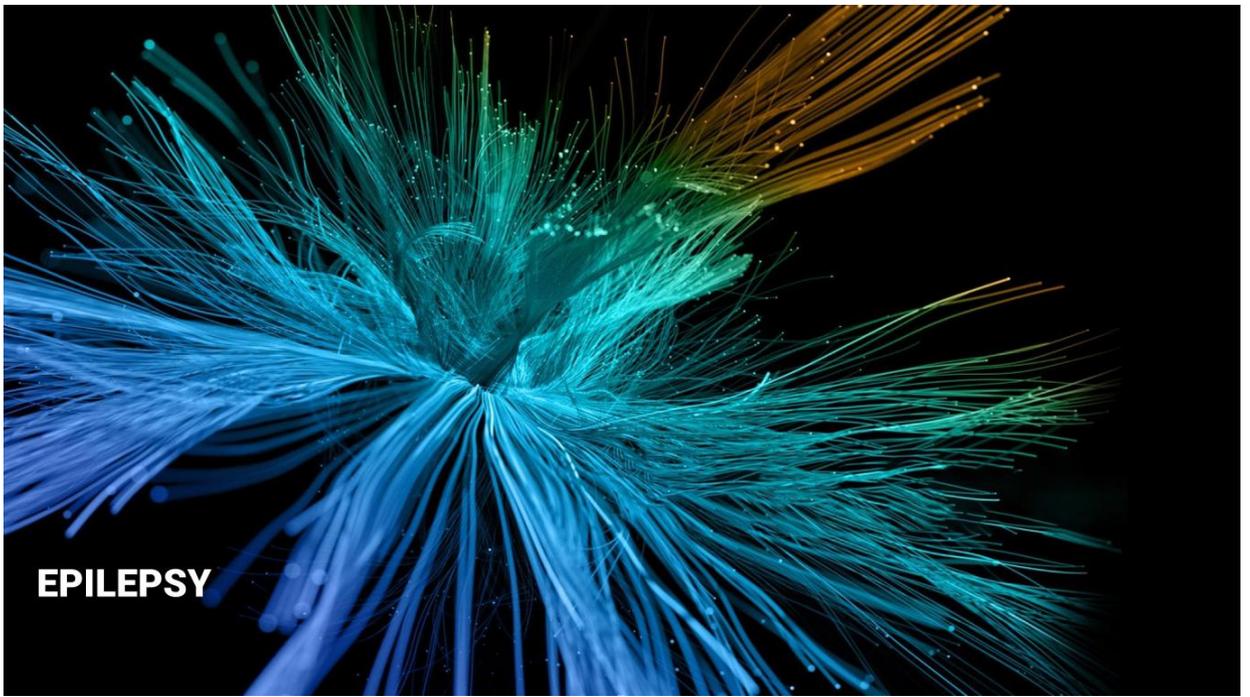
* Relutrigine has received ODD and RPD from the FDA, and ODD from the European Medicines Agency (EMA) for the treatment of SCN2A-DEE and SCN8A-DEE and RPD for Dravet Syndrome

** Elsunersen has received ODD and RPD from the FDA, and ODD and PRIME designations from the EMA for the treatment of SCN2A-DEE

Praxis pipeline and upcoming catalysts



*PRAX-020 (KCNT1) has been licensed to UCB
 DEE=developmental & epileptic encephalopathy, GoF=gain-of-function, LoF=loss-of-function



EPILEPSY

The Praxis Epilepsy portfolio targets significant unmet need and market opportunity in the common and rare epilepsy markets

Program	US Prevalence	US Market Opportunity
Vormatrigine Sodium channel modulator	3.5M Common Epilepsy	>\$2.5B
Relutrigine Sodium channel modulator	>200k Developmental Epilepsies with high seizure burden using sodium channel blockers*	>\$3B
Elsunersen Gapmer ASO	~2K SCN2A Genetically typified Developmental Epilepsies	>\$500M

*Poke G, Stanley J, Scheffer IE, Sadleir LG. Epidemiology of Developmental and Epileptic Encephalopathy and of Intellectual Disability and Epilepsy in Children

Vormatrigine presents an ideal precision ASM profile

VORMATRIGINE

FOCAL AND GENERALIZED
EPILEPSIES

NO TITRATION

SMALL MOLECULE

FUNCTIONAL STATE
MODULATOR

Significantly more potent than competitive molecules in highly translatable pre-clinical models

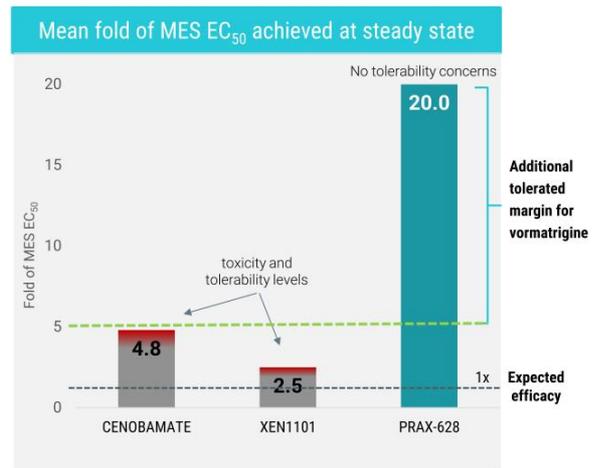
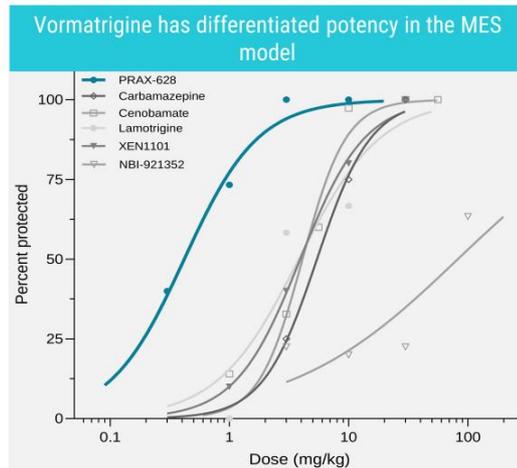
Rapidly achieves therapeutic concentrations after once-daily dose with no food effect

Ability to significantly exceed therapeutic concentrations while well tolerated

Proof of concept achieved in epilepsy patients

Vormatrigine: Differentiated pre-clinical profile and competitive potency

Unprecedented margins over best-in-class ASMs based on MES efficacy and clinical tolerability in humans



Protective index (PI) measured as tolerability / efficacy (TD50 / ED50). MES = maximal electroshock seizure. Praxis data on file, Bialer et al 2024 *Epilepsia*
 Source: Praxis data on file (Ph1 study), Cenobamate C_{max}: >46,100 ng/mL, 400 mg C_{max} (Vernillet et al 2020), XEN1101 C_{max}: >107 ng/mL (Phase 1 data)
 x MES EC₅₀ = multiple of predicted human EC₅₀ based on the rodent MES model; IEC2023_628-SAD-MAD 2025 AAN Phase 1 Study Update

The Phase 2 vormatrigine Photo Paroxysmal Response (PPR) study demonstrated proof of concept; de-risks advancing to studies in focal and generalized epilepsy

Study Results

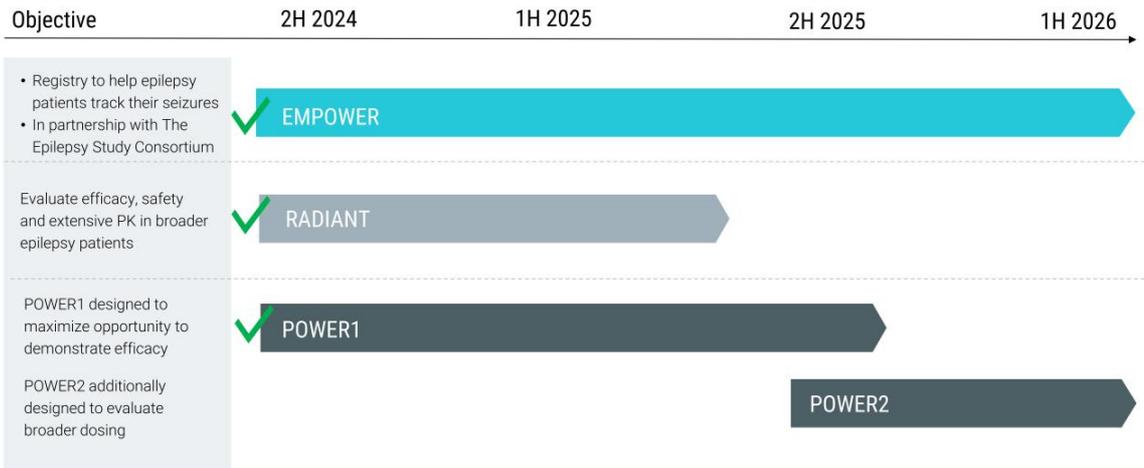
- 100% response in treated patients
- Vornmatrigine achieved between 3-13x multiples of MES EC₅₀ exposure
- Safety was consistent with prior dose escalation study and AEs were mild



- Patients must demonstrate PPR response during screening and baseline to be evaluable
- Response Assessment
 - **Partial:** Reduction, other than to zero, in the number of generalized PPR events at any assessment period vs baseline
 - **Complete:** Reduction to zero in the number of generalized PPR events at any assessment period vs baseline
- Safety monitored and PK samples collected during observation period

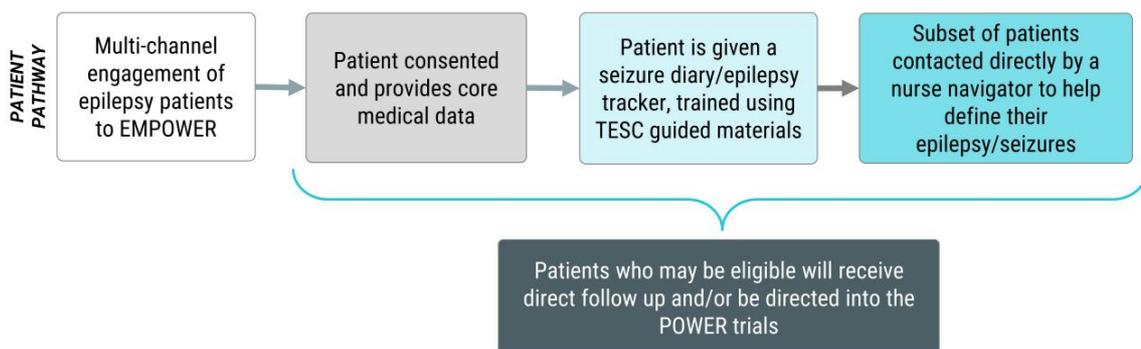
Dose	Categorical Response	Response Rate
15 mg	None	0% (0/5)
	Partial	20% (1/5)
	Complete	80% (4/5)
45 mg	None	0% (0/3)
	Complete	100% (3/3)
Evaluable Response		100% (8/8)

Vormatrigine ENERGY program to demonstrate efficacy and bring an improved therapy to focal and generalized epilepsy patients



EMPOWER Observational Study to better understand patient journey

In partnership with The Epilepsy Study Consortium (TESC)

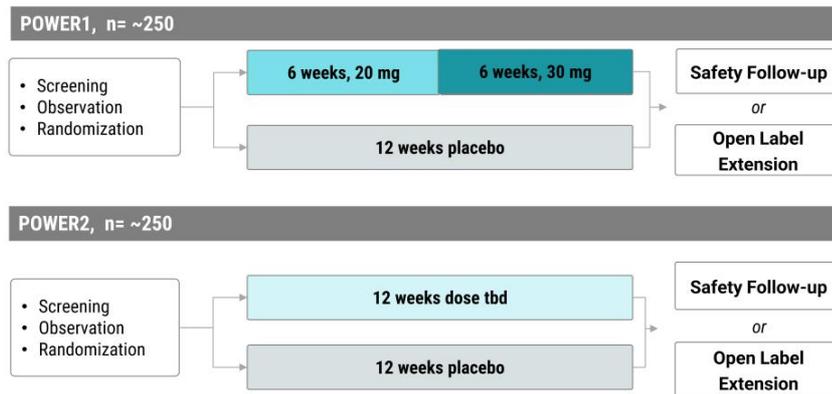


RADIANT Phase 2 open label study to evaluate safety and efficacy in focal onset or generalized epileptic seizures



- Measuring seizure frequency, seizure freedom, safety and pharmacokinetics
- Will allow the evaluation of vortrigine in a broader population, including generalized epilepsy
- Topline results by mid-year 2025

Pivotal POWER1 study enrolling and POWER2 to initiate in 2H 2025



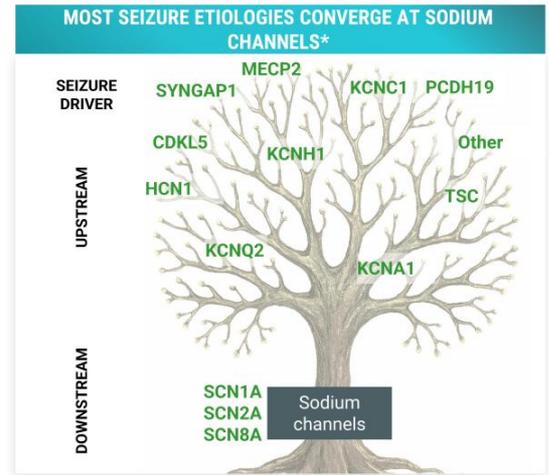
- POWER1 topline readout 2H 2025
- Design for POWER2 to be finalized reflecting results from RADIANT study

Relutrigine: Potential for class leading efficacy and tolerability

RELUTRIGINE	Demonstrated robust seizure reduction and unprecedented seizure-free status per 28-day period
ORAL SOLUTION, NO TITRATION, ONCE DAILY ADMINISTRATION	Superior selectivity for hyperactive Na _v channels, a known cause of seizure manifestation in all DEEs regardless of etiology
FORMULATED FOR PEDIATRIC USE	Generally well-tolerated with mostly mild to moderate AEs, no drug-related SAEs and no relutrigine dose reduction required
SMALL MOLECULE	Three Rare Pediatric Drug designations for SCN1A (Dravet Syndrome), SCN2A DEE and SCN8A DEE
FUNCTIONAL STATE MODULATOR	

Broad applicability across multiple etiologies

- All genetically driven DEEs result in hyperactivation of sodium channels, manifesting in epilepsy syndromes
- Relugirine's mechanism of action is to target hyperactive Na_v channels to address the neuronal hyperexcitability driving seizures
- Targeting the root cause of DEE symptomology allows for broad use of relugirine not seen in other therapies before



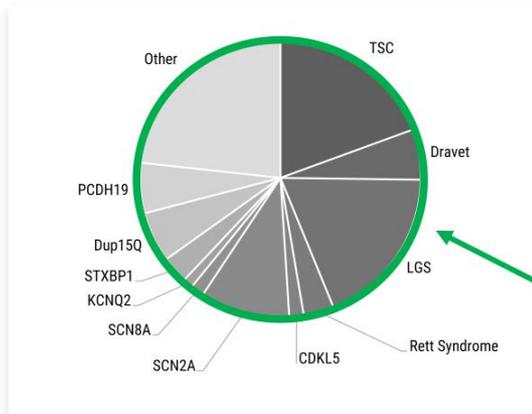
*Illustrative etiologies, not limited by examples shown
DEE=developmental & epileptic encephalopathy, Na_v =voltage-gated sodium channel

Consistent efficacy in diverse number of DEE models

DEE Model	Relutrigine and Analogs	
<i>Scn2a</i> ^{R1882Q}	✓	1. Effect in 2A/8A epilepsy models ✓
<i>Scn2a</i> ^{Q54}	✓	
<i>Scn8a</i> ^{N1768D/+}	✓	
<i>Scn1a</i> ^{+/-} Dravet	✓	2. Effect in Dravet (1A) epilepsy models ✓
<i>scn1Lab</i> (fish) Dravet	✓	
<i>Kcnh1</i> ^{R357Q}	✓	3. Effect in non-sodium channel epilepsy models ✓
<i>Kcnc1</i> ^{R320H/+}	✓	
<i>Kcnq2</i> ^{K556E/+}	✓	
<i>Kcna1</i> ^{T401I/+}	✓	
<i>Hcn1</i> ^{M294L/+}	✓	

Praxis data on file, Anderson LL, et al. *Epilepsia*. 2014;55(5):1274-83. Baker EM, et al. *Epilepsia*. 2018;59(60):1166-76. Anderson LL, et al. *Sci Rep*. 2017;7(1):1682. Johnson JP, et al. *Elife*. 2022;11:e72468. Hawkins NA, et al. *Ann Clin Transl Neurol*. 2017;4(5):326-339. Bleakley LE, et al. *Epilepsia*. 2023;64(1):e1-e8. Merseburg A, et al. *Elife*. 2022;11:e70826. Prof Kearney Lab 2025.

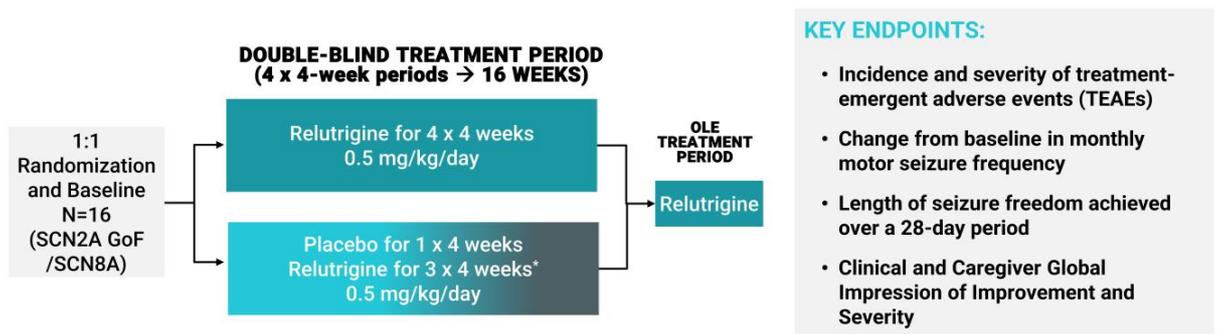
Current US DEE market is over 200,000 patients
Expected to increase in coming years as care and diagnosis improve



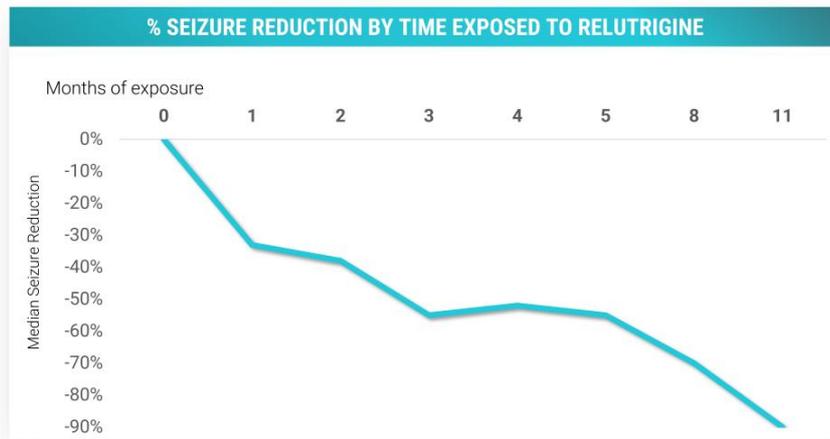
- Different levels of severity along the disease spectrum
- Opportunity for multiple approaches to address unmet need

EMERALD study expected to provide evidence to support a broad label

EMBOLD Cohort1 study design: controlled trial targeting DEE seizure burden in patients receiving standard of care ASMs



EMBOLD Cohort 1 results: sustained seizure reduction with continued exposure on top of SOC



70% of patients were at stable doses of Sodium Channel Blockers at baseline

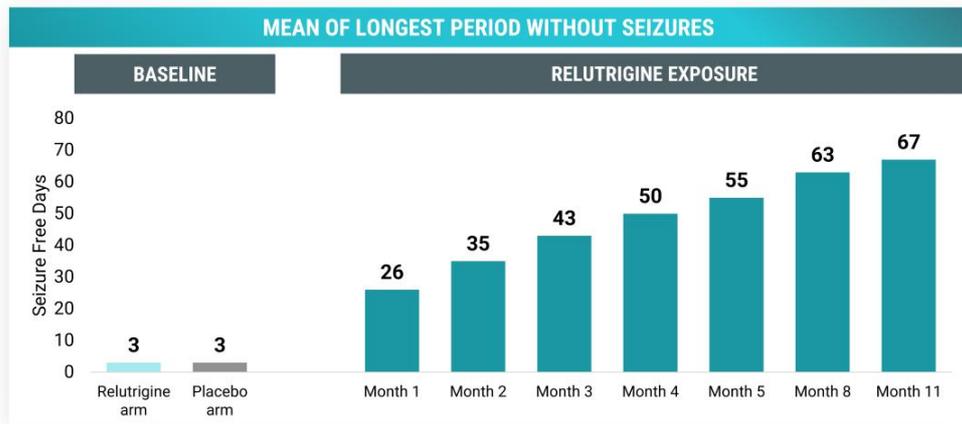
AEs were mostly mild to moderate

No drug-related SAEs

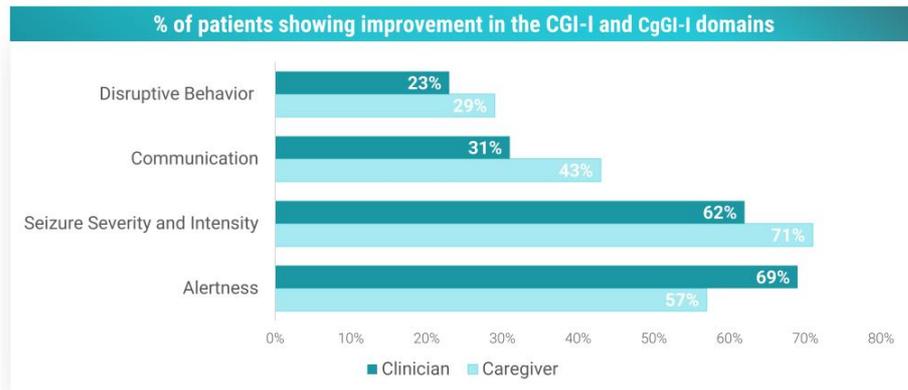
No dose reduction of relutrigine required



EMBOLD Cohort 1 results: sustained seizure-free periods reflect both clinical and daily life improvements



Relutrigine treatment led to disease modifying impact



Meaningful gains in overall well-being of patients, despite severity and historical lack of improvement with available treatments



Clinical Global Impression of Improvement and Caregiver Global Impression of Improvement assessed at Week-16 visit

EMBOLD Cohort 2 is designed as a pivotal study to confirm relutrigine's efficacy



KEY ENDPOINTS:

- Change from baseline in monthly motor seizure frequency
- Length of seizure freedom achieved over a 28-day period
- Incidence and severity of treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)
- Clinical and Caregiver Global Impression of Improvement and Severity



Relugtrigine's clinical profile expanding with EMERALD study

Broad biologic rationale

DEE Model	Relugtrigine and Analogs
Scn2a ^{fl/fl} 1802	✓
Scn2a ^{fl/fl} 414	✓
Scn1a ^{fl/fl} 7801	✓
Scn1a ^{fl/fl} Dravet	✓
Scn1a ^{fl/fl} (fak) Dravet	✓
Kcnc3 ^{fl/fl} 8175	✓
Kcnc2 ^{fl/fl} 2011	✓
Kcnc2 ^{fl/fl} 2562	✓
Kcnc1 ^{fl/fl} 1411	✓
Hcn1 ^{fl/fl} 2284	✓

- 1. Effect in 2A/BA driven epilepsy models ✓
- 2. Effect in Dravet (SCN1A) epilepsy models ✓
- 3. Effect in non-sodium channel epilepsy models ✓

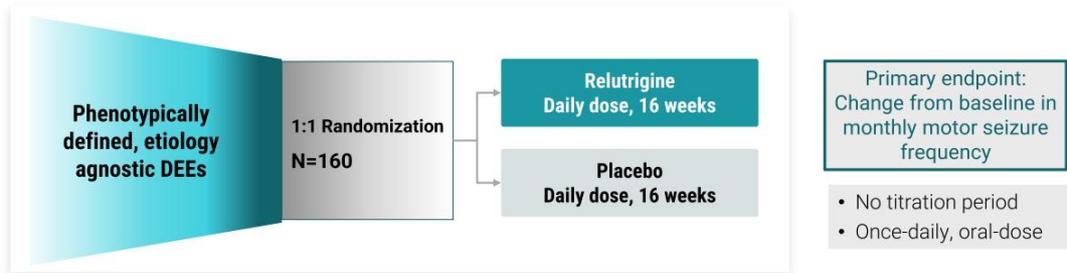
Clinical proof of concept data

% SEIZURE REDUCTION BY TIME EXPOSED TO RELUGTRIGINE

Large, unmet need



EMERALD targets phenotypic DEEs regardless of etiology

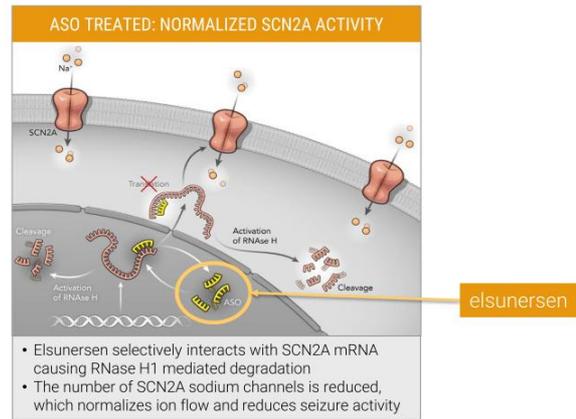
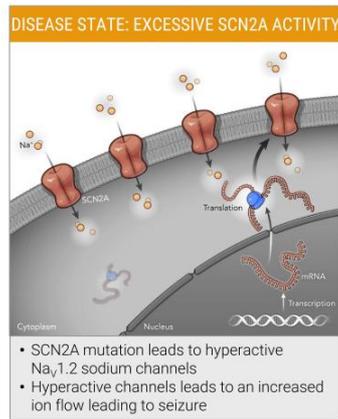


<p>Key Inclusion Criteria</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ages ≥ 2 and ≤ 65 years • Has a documented diagnosis of a developmental and epileptic encephalopathy in childhood • Has 4 or more countable motor seizures during the 28-day observation period
<p>Treatment</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Relutrigine or matching placebo 1mg/kg/day. At day 35, the dose may be escalated to 1.5 mg/kg/day

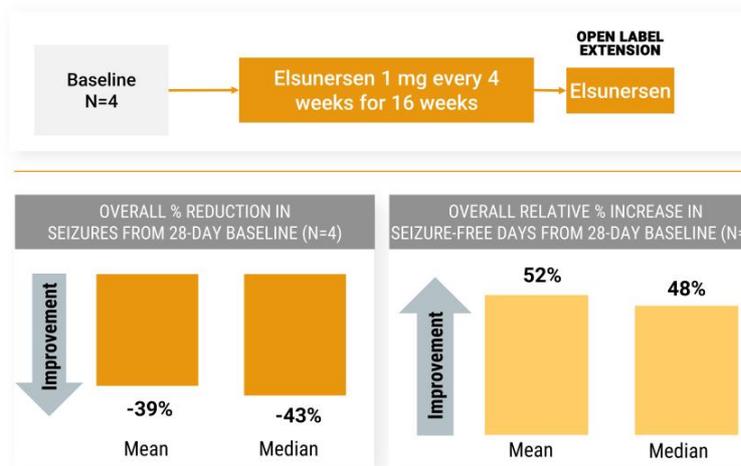
Elsunersen is the first drug designed for SCN2A GoF DEE

ELSUNERSEN	Designed to selectively decrease SCN2A gene expression
SCN2A GoF	Significant reduction in seizures achieved in SCN2A GoF patients
INTRATHECAL	No adverse events related to the study were considered treatment-emergent or serious
ANTISENSE OLIGONUCLEOTIDE (ASO)	Orphan Drug Designation (ODD) and Rare Pediatric Disease (RPD) designation from the FDA, and ODD and PRIME designations from the EMA

Precision targeting of SCN2A GoF patients positions elsunersen as a potential disease-modifying therapy



EMBRAVE Part 1 showed clinically meaningful seizure reduction in SCN2A GoF patients



KEY ENDPOINTS:

- Incidence and severity of treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAEs)
- Change from baseline in monthly (28-day) motor seizure frequency

SAFETY:

- No TEAEs or SAEs considered related to study drug
- All TEAEs recovered/resolved



Ongoing EMBRAVE Part A supports registrational package



- Starting dose of 1 mg with optional dose escalation up to 8 mg based on individual tolerability at each dose
- Enrollment expected to complete by mid-year

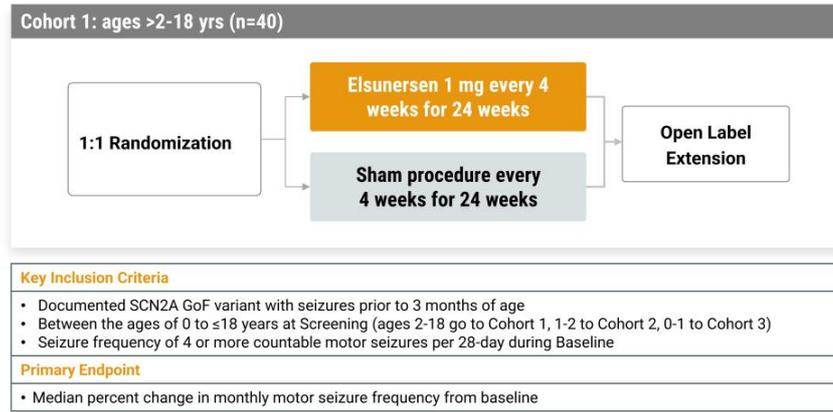
Key Inclusion criteria

- Documented SCN2A GoF variant with seizures prior to 3 months of age
- Between the ages of 2 to ≤18 years at Screening
- Seizure frequency of 8 or more countable motor seizures per 28-day during Baseline

Primary Endpoint

- Median percent change in monthly motor seizure frequency from baseline

EMBRAVE3 registrational trial



Extending treatment to birth: systematic age-based coverage in EMBRAVE3



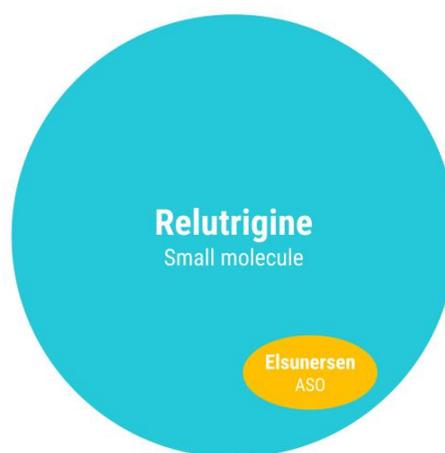
- Cohort 1 results will support registration
- Cohort 2 and 3 will allow for label expansion to patients at birth
- Same inclusion criteria and endpoints as Cohort 1

Complementary development of elsunersen and relutrigine targeting both the genetic driver and downstream network dysfunction in SCN2A GoF

Elsunersen targets root genetic cause of disease

Relutrigine targets residual network hyperexcitability

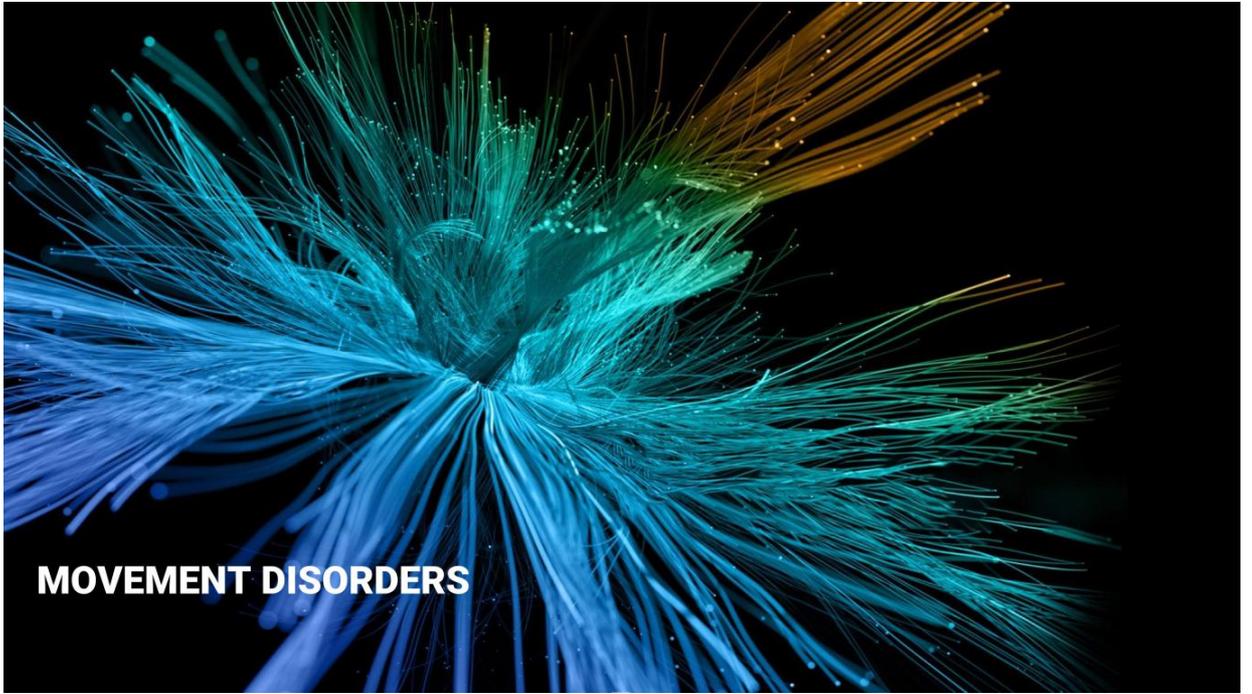
Relutrigine expected to complement other genetically focused DEE therapies, e.g. PRAX 80, 90



Solidus pre-clinical portfolio on-track for clinical trials in 2026

	PRAX-80	PRAX-90	PRAX-100
Indication	<i>PCDH19</i> Clustering Epilepsy: X-linked mosaic expression disorder with early-onset clustered seizures and cognitive impairment	<i>SYNGAP1</i> DEEs: Leading genetic cause of severe intellectual disability and early-onset epilepsy caused by LoF variants	<i>SCN2A</i> Haploinsufficient Autism: A neuro-developmental disorder caused by <i>SCN2A</i> LoF variants with early-onset autism
Target	<i>PCDH19</i>	<i>SYNGAP1</i>	<i>SCN2A</i>
Mechanism	Gapmer ASO-mediated <i>PCDH19</i> silencing, informed by the benign phenotype of null-expressing carrier males	ASO-mediated upregulation of <i>SYNGAP1</i> protein expression	ASO-mediated upregulation of <i>SCN2A</i> protein expression
Program Update	Candidate declaration by year end	Candidate declaration by year end	Candidate declaration by mid-year

ASO=antisense oligonucleotide, DEE=developmental and epileptic encephalopathy, LoF=loss-of-function



MOVEMENT DISORDERS

Surveys of >400 ET patients across the US highlight ongoing hidden burden of ET and associated challenges in managing everyday life

ET burden has a profound impact on daily activities

Up to 80% of patients with ET reported needing to adjust how they complete daily tasks due to their symptoms

Top Challenges:

-  working / attending social events
-  writing
-  drinking from a glass

Patients with ET experience high psychosocial burden

Nearly all patients with ET experience a level of psychosocial burden, with many reporting feeling:

-  hopeless
-  ashamed
-  worried
-  frustrated
-  sad

ET is inadequately managed and undertreated

Up to 77% of patients do not feel their ET symptoms are manageable with current treatments

Up to 50% of patients are not receiving treatment for their ET

US neurologists emphasize the need for more effective treatments and the importance of patient-physician dialogue in ET

ET burden has a profound impact on daily activities

>90%

of neurologists stated their patients' descriptions of their ET symptoms and impact on daily activities influence treatment decisions

Patients with ET experience high psychosocial burden

60%

of neurologists reported **mental and emotional challenges** among the top three challenges for their ET patients

ET is inadequately managed and undertreated

85%

of neurologist visits are for patients seeking ET treatment

40%

of patients seen by neurologists are not receiving treatment

Nearly 1/2

of neurologists rarely refer ET patients for specialist management

Two Phase 3 studies measuring what matters: Activities of Daily Living

11 items from the well-established TETRAS ADL scale

Each item is individually scored, up to a total of 33

0 = Slightly abnormal. Tremor is present but does not interfere with ...

1 = Mildly abnormal. Spills a little.

2 = Moderately abnormal. Spills a lot or changes strategy to complete task.

3 = Severely abnormal. Cannot drink from a glass or uses straw or sippy cup.



Speaking



Dressing



Using Keys



Hygiene



Pouring



Working



Writing



Drinking from a glass



Feeding with a spoon



Carrying food trays, plates or similar items

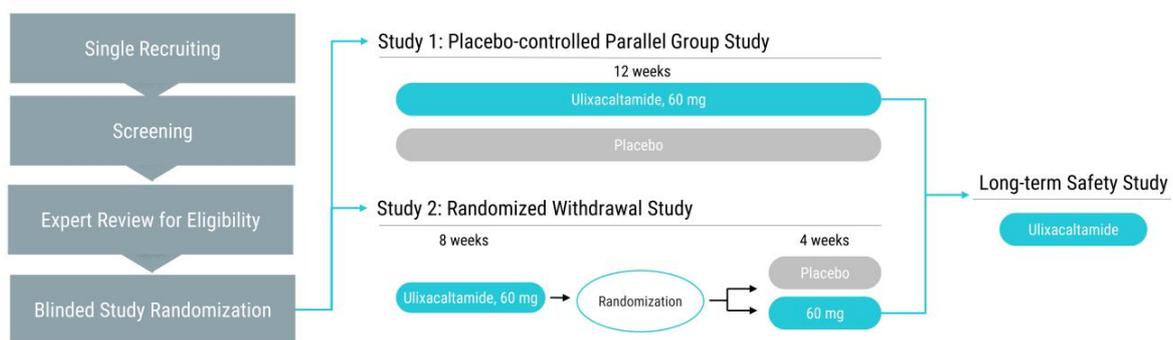


Overall disability with most affected task

Each point reduction provides benefit to a patient's ability to perform regular activities

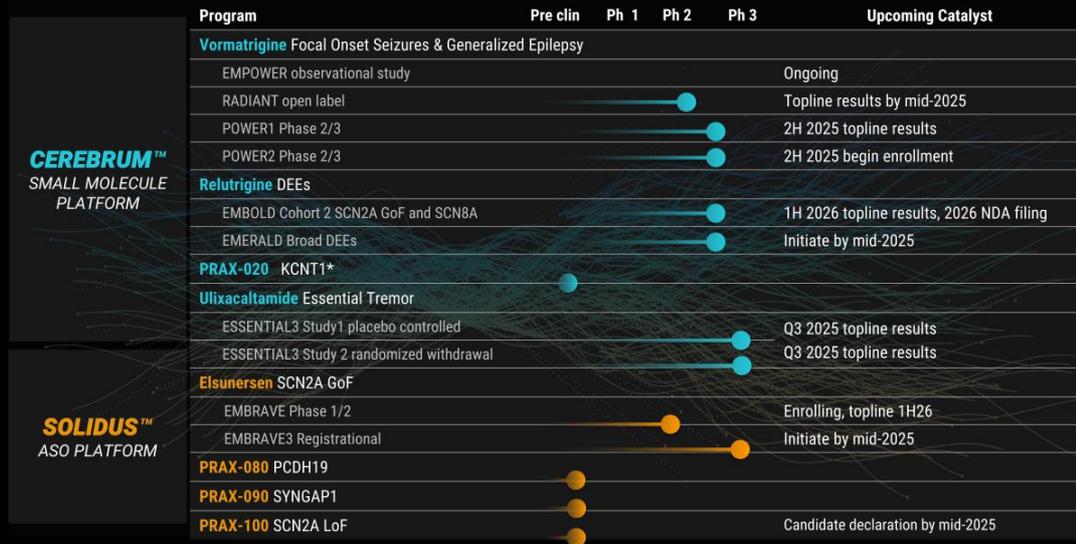
- Improvement based on regaining function
- ADL assessment performed by a physician
- Aligned with FDA as primary endpoint for Essential3 studies

Essential3: An innovative Phase 3 program



ESSENTIAL 
AN AT-HOME RESEARCH STUDY

Praxis pipeline and upcoming catalysts



*PRAX-020 (KCNT1) has been licensed to UCB
 DEE=developmental & epileptic encephalopathy, GoF=gain-of-function, LoF=loss-of-function



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